QUANTIFYING THE SKILL OF ENSEMBLE SEASONAL FORECASTS WITH BOUNDING BOXES

A. Weisheimer (1,2), L.A. Smith (2,3), K. Judd (4)

(1) Free University Berlin, Institute for Meteorology (Antje.Weisheimer@met.fu-berlin.de), (2) London School of Economics, Centre for Analysis of Time Series, (3) University of Oxford, Oxford Centre for Industrial and Applied Mathematics, (4) University of Western Australia, Perth, Centre for Applied Dynamics and Optimization

The intrinsic uncertainties of nonlinear dynamical predictions of weather and climate due to inaccurate initial conditions and imperfect model formulations have lead to operational ensemble systems as the basis for probability based forecasts. Our contribution presents a new approach to assess the realism of uncertainty estimates obtained from ensemble simulations. The bounding boxes of an ensemble from a specific ensemble prediction system defines a region of state space within which the future is likely to fall with a certain probability. Quantifying what that probability is and how it varies with lead time provides both feedback for the modellers and operational information for forecast users. While verifying probabilistic forecasts made with imperfect models is a highly ambitious and complex task, we address somewhat rather simpler